

# GADCHIROLI

# CHOICE BASE CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SYLLABUS FOR B.Sc. THREE-YEARS DEGREE COURSE

### IN

# BIOTECHNOLOGY

### From

**Academic Year** 

2017-2018

#### Preface

The Graduate and Master program in "Biotechnology" is a scientificbiological study course, based on fundamental research with special focus on microbiology at its full diversity. This covers phylogeny, physiology, cell and molecular biology of organisms from all three domains of life. The program "Biotechnology" at the Gondwana-University is directed towards the education of excellent, competitive graduates with a great spectrum of methodology, interdisciplinary focus and international qualification for the assignment in research, and in companies. The close connection to the local job market allows an optimal change to occupation. Here, the potential of biology and in particular of molecular biology with focus on microbiology is increasingly used as platform for the networking of other disciplines. The combination and development of technology platforms of various institutes metabolome (e.g. proteome, transcriptome, analyses, chemical. biochemical, physical and cell biological analytics, fermentation) under, "Enabling Technologies" allows a strong focusing on research during the Master study program.

The Graduate and Master Study program "Microbiology" builds consecutively on a biological education and is focused on research. The study program is especially dedicated to the integration and consolidation of knowledge in microbiology. The job market for microbiologists is still excellent.

#### Dr. Abhay B. Solunke

Chairman of Board of Studies in Biotechnology Gondwana University, Gadchiroli. (Maharashtra)

#### Preamble

The B.Sc. Biotechnology courses are running in Gondwana University, Gadchiroli from its beginning followed the semester pattern and now Gondwana University, Gadchiroli, has adopted the CBCS (Choice Base Credit System) pattern that would be divided B.Sc. into three years- year I, year II and year III. Each part would consist of two semesters. Each semester would comprise of four theory papers including practicals. The new course will commence from the academic session 2017-18. The syllabus has been prepared keeping in view the unique requirements of B.Sc. Biotechnology students. The contents have been drawn to accommodate the widening horizons of the Biotechnology discipline. It reflects the changing needs of the students, pertaining to the fields of Chemistry, Statistics and Computational skills. The detailed syllabus for each paper is appended with a list of suggested readings.

Each practical batch should not have more than 16 students. Any number exceeding 20 will be divided into two equal batches. This is because Biotechnology practicals require individual attention for imparting correct and adequate hands – on training to the students. One short educational trip will be conducted to industry/national/research institutes in the 5<sup>th</sup> semester to keep the students abreast with latest developments in the field of microbiology.

# Approved by: Board of Studies in Biotechnology, in meeting held on 29-03-2016 & 15-05-2017.

#### Dr. Abhay B. Solunke

#### Chairman

#### Shri Govindrao Munghate Arts & Science College, Kurkheda

#### **Members Present:**

- 1. Dr. P.H. Kumbhare Guru Nanak College, Ballarshah.
- 2. Dr. S.V. Kasbekar Sindhu Mahavidyalaya, Nagpur.
- 3. Dr. V.U. Thool Sardar Patel Mahavidyalaya, Chandrapur.
- 4. Dr. M. Kulkarni Chintamani Mahavidyalaya, Pomburna.

#### Table

Semest	Paper	Cours	Title of Paper	The	Inter	Mark
er No.	No.	е		ory	nal	S
		Code			asses	
			D Co First Voor		ment	
T	T		B.Sc. First Year	40	10	FO
1	1		Cell and Cell Organelles	40	10	50
	11		General Microbiology	40	10	50
	III		Practical's based on theory paper I & II	30	20	50
			Total			150
II	IV		Biochemistry			50
	V		Genetics			50
	VI		Practical's based on theory paper V &VI			50
			Total			150
			B.Sc. Second Year	n		
III	VII		Cell Metabolism	40	10	50
	VIII		Molecular Biology and	40	10	50
			Enzymology			
	IX		Practical's based on theory paper VII &	30	20	50
IV	v		Pionhysical Tachniques	40	10	50
IV			biophysical rechniques	40	10	50
			Immunology and Biostatistics	40	10	50
	XII		Practical's based on theory paper X & XI	30	20	50
V	VIII		B.Sc. Third Year	40	10	50
v	ХШ		Genetic Engineering	40	10	50
	XIV		Plant Biotechnology	40	10	50
	XV		Practical's based on theory paper XIII & XIV	30	20	50
VI	XVI		Environmental Biotechnology	40	10	50
	XVII		Animal Biotechnology	40	10	50
	XVIII		Practical's based on theory paper XVI & XVII	30	20	50

#### **General Overview:**

#### Total Credits for all semesters in B.Sc. Programme will be of 132. The semester wise credit points earned by the learner from undergraduate programme shall be as follows:

Programme	Sem I	Sem II	Sem III	Sem IV	Sem V	Sem VI	Total
							Credits
Under	26	26	20	20	20	20	132
Graduate							

#### Credit Base Evaluation System:

#### Scheme of examination:

It is divided into two points: Internal assessment and external assessment (Semester end Examination Conducted by University).

#### **Internal Assessment:**

Internal assessment includes Seminars, case studies, Quizzes, Viva, Unit test, etc. **The semester end examination for each course with practical will be as follows:** One theory courses of two papers: 100 marks (external Assessment, University

One theory courses of two papers: 100 marks (external Assessment- University examination)

20 Marks for (Internal assessment).

#### Total 120

One practical course 30 marks

(Practical Examination for odd semester will be at college level and for even semester at university level with external examiner)

1) Time duration of each Theory Paper will be of Three (3) Hrs.

2) There shall be 5 questions of 08 marks each.

3) The theory course will be divided into 4 units.

4) All questions will be compulsory and with internal choice.

3) Time Duration for Practical examination will be 4 hours for two consecutive days.

The marks will be given for all examinations and they will be converted into grade points. The final grade card will have marks, credits, grades, grade points, SGPA & CGPA. **Format for the Internal Assessment** 

Sr. No.	Evaluation Type	Marks	<b>Marks Obtained</b>
1	Assignments	05	
2	Class Test	10	
3	Active Participation in routine class activities	05	
	/ seminars, etc.		

#### **Passing:**

For each course there is a passing with minimum **35%**(internal and external together) **Allowed to keep terms (ATKT)** 

1) A student shall be allowed to keep term for semester II irrespective of grades obtained in each course of semester I.

2) A student shall be allowed to keep term for semester II if he/she passes (Grade E or above in each course) each semester I & semester II **OR** He/she passes two course in each semester.

3) A student shall be allowed to keep term for semester IV irrespective of grades obtained in each course of semester II & can appear for semester IV examination.

4) A student shall be allowed to keep term for semester V if he/she passes semester I, II, III & IV. **OR** He/she has passes Semester I & Semester Ii and pass in at least 2 courses each of semester III & IV.

5) A student shall be allowed to keep term for Sem VI irrespective of grades obtained in each course of semester V.

There will be supplementary examination conducted for external evaluation (Semester end) by University.

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Question .1	Long Question	Unit I	08Marks
	OR	OR	
	Short Questions (2 of 4marks each)	Unit I	
Question .2	Long Question	Unit II	08 Marks
	OR	OR	
	Short Questions (2 of 4marks each)	Unit II	
Question .3	Long Question	Unit III	08 Marks
	OR	OR	
	Short Questions (2 of 4marks each)	Unit III	
Question .4	Long Question	Unit IV	08 Marks
	OR	OR	
	Short Questions (2 of 4marks each)	Unit IV	
Question .5	Short Notes any Ten (08) out of Twelve (12)	On All	08 Marks
	One Mark each	four	
	(3 questions from each unit)	Units.	

Propos	sed Scheme fo	r Choice Based C	redit System	ı in B.Sc.

Sem	Core	Ability enhancement	Skill enhancement	Discipline
	Courses	Compulsory	Course(SEC)	Specific
	(12)	Course(AECC)	[2]	Elective (DSE)
		[2]		(6)
Ι	DSC-1A	(English/Hindi/MIL		
	DSC-2A	Communication)/		
	DSC-3A	Environmental		
		Science		
II	DSC-1B	Environmental		
	DSC-2B	Science/		
	DSC-3B	(English/Hindi/MIL		
		Communication)		
III	DSC-1C		SEC-1	
	DSC-2C			
	DSC-3C			
IV	DSC-1D		SEC-2	
	DSC-2D			
	DSC-3D			
V			SEC-3	DSE-1A
				DSE-2A
				DSE-3A
VI			SEC-4	DSE-1B
				DSE-2B
				DSE-3B

**Total Credits is 132** 

JUICI	ne ioi choice basea	ci cuit system m Da		
Sem	Core Courses (12) of 6 credits each. Two papers for each core course. Total credits 72	Ability enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC) (4+4=8 Credits)	Skill enhancement Course(SEC) [2credits] One paper from pool of papers. Total crdits 4X2=8 credits	Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) (6) of 6 credits each. Two papers of each discipline from poll of papers. Total credits 6X6=36 credits.
1	Core Course e.g. Course-I: Physics(Th+Pr) Course-II: Chemistry (Th+Pr) Course-III: Biotechnology(Th+Pr)	AECC I (English) AECC II (Marathi/Supl. English /Hindi/ Other language)		
2	Core Course e.g. Course-IV: Physics(Th+Pr) Course-v: Chemistry (Th+Pr) Course-VI: Biotechnology(Th+Pr)	AECC III (English) AECC IV (Marathi/Supl. English /Hindi/ Other language)		
3	Core Course e.g. Course-VII: Physics(Th+Pr) Course-VIII: Chemistry (Th+Pr) Course-IX: Biotechnology(Th+Pr)		SEC-I Environmental Studies Compulsory	
4	Core Course e.g. Course-X: Physics(Th+Pr) Course-XI: Chemistry (Th+Pr) Course-XII: Biotechnology(Th+Pr)		SEC-II Foundation Course to be chosen by student	
5			SEC-III Foundation Course to be chosen by student	DSE-I (Phy. Elective) [Th+Pr] DSE-II (Chem. Elective) [Th+Pr] DSE-IIIA (Biotechnology Elective) [Th+Pr]
6			SEC-IV Foundation Course to be chosen by student	DSE-IV(Phy. Elective) [Th+Pr] DSE-V (Chem. Elective) [Th+Pr] DSE-VI (Biotechnology Elective) [Th+Pr]

# **SEMESTER-I**

	Semester-I					
Cour	se Code Paper-I Marks	s: 40				
Cred	its: 2 Total Hour	s: 48				
	CELL & CELL ORGANELLES					
Objec	tive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of cell					
Unit	Content	Hrs.				
<u>NO.</u>		10				
1	Introduction to cell Diagonawy of coll. Contribution of Dobort Hook Ion Evengeliste, Durlyma, Matthias Jokob Sobleidan	12				
	and Theodor Schwann					
	Cell as a basic unit of living systems					
	The Cell theory					
	Classification of cells based on Cell shape, Cell size, Cell volume and Cell Number					
	Typical structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell					
	Structure of Plant cell. Structure of Animal cell. Difference between plant and animal cell.					
2	Structure and function of Muscle and Nerve Cell	10				
Z	Cell Organelles	12				
	Structure and Function of Nucleus and Nucleolus					
	Cell Wall (Bacterial and Plant)					
	Plasma Membrane (Fluid-Mosaic Model), Endoplasmic Reticulum (Rough, Smooth),					
	Mitochondria, Golgi apparatus, Ribosomes and its subunits, Lysosomes, chloroplast.					
	Centrioles (animal), Plastids (Plant), Vacuoles, Granuoles, cytosol.					
3	Cytoskeleton and Cell Locomotion	12				
	Structure and function of Actin filaments (Microfilaments), Microtubules (alpha					
	tubulin and beta tubulin), Microtubule Motor (kinesins, dyneins) and intermediate					
	filaments (keratins, lamins, neurofilaments, vimentins)					
	Dynamic instability. Tubulin synthesis and modification					
	Cell locomotion (amoeboid, flagellar and ciliar).					
4	Cell Division	12				
	Cell division and cell cycle.					
	Stages of Mitosis and Meiosis- Prophase, Metaphase, Anaphase, Telophase,					
	Cytokinesis.					
	G1, S, G2 phases of cell cycle.					
	Cell synchronization and its application, Cell senescence	1				
	Cell differentiation in plant and animals.	1				

#### B. Sc. I Year

	B. 9	
	Semes	
Marks: 40	urse Code Pap	Cou
Total Hours: 48	dits: 2	Credi
	General Mi	
als on microbes and their study	ctive: To make the students to understand	Obiect
, and the second s	niques.	technie
Hrs.	Cont	Unit
		No.
12	History, Development and Microscopy	1
ouis Pasteur, Robert Koch and	A. History and development of microbiology: cc	
	Edward Jenner.	
s importance, resolving power,	B. Microscopy: Compound microscopy: Numerica	
	oil immersion objectives and their significance,	
y.	C. Principle and application of dark field and fluor	
and SEM, comparison between	D. Electron microscopy: Principle, ray diagram, a	
	Bactorial Morphology and Organellos	2
12	A Caparal morphology of bacteria: shapes and siz	<u> </u>
	B Generalized diagram of tynical bacterial cell	
	C. Cell wall of Gram positive and Gram negative ce	
mination.	D. Endospores: Study of Endospore structure and	
	E. General account of flagella and pili.	
smids (conjugative and non-	F. Chromatin material, plasmids, definition and	
	cojugative)	
between bacterial and archaea	G. Morphology of Archae: Archaeal cell membra	
	cell membrane), General Characteristics.	
12	Microbial Diversity and Microbial staining tec	3
rtance.	A. General characteristics of yeast, moulds and pr	
ing flegelle staining	B. Stains and staining Procedure: Definition of Dy	
re shapes and symmetries of	D. Viruses: Coneral characteristics of viruses d	
re, shapes and symmetries of	viruses with one example of each	
	E. Brief idea of lytic cycle and lysogeny.	
12	Microbial growth, Nutrition and Control	4
	A. Growth: Growth rate, details of growth curve a	
(chemostat and turbidostat).	B. Concept of synchronous cultures, continuous a	
-	C. Physical conditions required for growth: pH, Te	
ition,	D. Pure culture: Concept, isolation methods, main	
, nitrogen, sulfur and vitamins	E. Nutrition: Basic nutritional requirements such	
	etc.	
e, Beet extract, NaCl, Agar.	F. Natural and synthetic media, Media compositio	
tic, sanitization, germicide and	G. MICrobial Control: Concept of Sterilization, dis	
Radiation) Chemical method	H Methods of Microhial Control. Physical methods	
Reclation, chemical method	(halogens, alcohol, gaseous sterilization)	
12         'mination.         smids (conjugative and non-         between bacterial and archaea	<ul> <li>optical and electron microscope.</li> <li>Bacterial Morphology and Organelles         <ul> <li>A. General morphology of bacteria: shapes and siz</li> <li>B. Generalized diagram of typical bacterial cell.</li> <li>C. Cell wall of Gram positive and Gram negative ce</li> <li>D. Endospores: Study of Endospore structure and</li> <li>E. General account of flagella and pili.</li> <li>F. Chromatin material, plasmids, definition and cojugative)</li> <li>G. Morphology of Archae: Archaeal cell membrate cell membrane), General Characteristics.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Microbial Diversity and Microbial staining tect</li> <li>A. General characteristics of yeast, moulds and prime.</li> <li>B. Stains and staining Procedure: Definition of Dyates with one example of each.</li> <li>E. Brief idea of lytic cycle and lysogeny.</li> <li>Microbial growth, Nutrition and Control</li> <li>A. Growth: Growth rate, details of growth curve at B. Concept of synchronous cultures, continuous at C. Physical conditions required for growth: pH, Tect.</li> <li>P. Nutrition: Basic nutritional requirements such etc.</li> <li>F. Natural and synthetic media, Media compositio G. Microbial Control: Concept of Sterilization, dis antimicrobial agents.</li> <li>H. Methods of Microbial Control- Physical methods, main functional agents.</li> </ul>	2 3 4

#### Practicals B. Sc. I Semester –I {Based on Paper -I & II}

#### **TOTAL HOURS: 48**

#### CREDITS: 2

Marks: 30

- 1. Demonstration of common instruments used in Biotech lab.
- 2. Preparation of Nutrient media.
- 3. \*Isolation of pure culture by streak plate, pour plate.
- 4. Staining of bacteria: simple staining.
- 5. \*Gram Staining of Bacteria
- 6. \*Endospore Staining of Bacteria
- 7. Negative staining of Bacteria
- 8. \*Demonstration of motility of Bacteria by Hanging Drop method.
- 9. Anaerobic cultivation of microorganisms.
- 10.Cultivation of yeast and moulds.
- 11.\*Demonstration of Antibiotic sensitivity.
- 12.Oligodynamic action of heavy metals.
- 13.\*Demonstration of bacteriophage plaque assay.
- 14.\*Demonstration Stages of mitosis.
- 15.Demonstration Stages of meiosis.
- 16.\*Microscopic observation of Stomata and Root hairs.
- Note: i) Minimum 4 major and 4 minor experiments are compulsory
  - ii) Underlined experiments are considered to be major experiments
  - iii) Experiments with asterisks are compulsory
  - iv) Duration of practical examination will be 8 hours a day

#### Distribution of marks for practical examination:

One major experiment	5 marks
Two minor experiments	5 × 2 = 10 marks
Spotting	5 marks
Viva-Voce	5 marks
Practical Record	5 marks

Total ...... 30 marks

### TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES FOR THEORY AND PRACTICALS FOR B.Sc. semester I:

1. GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY , ROGER Y. STANIER, , 2008, COVER ILLUSTRATION

2. A TEXTBOOK OF MICROBIOLOGY, R.C.DUBEY, D.K.MHESHWARY, 2009, S.CHAND

3. TEXT BOOK OF BIOTECHNOLOGY, R.C.DUBEY, 2009, S.CHAND, DELHI

4. INFRASTUCTURE OF CELLS, BUTTERWORTH, HEINEMANM, 2004, OPEN UNIVERSITY PUBL.

5. A TEXT BOOK OF BACTERIA, SUBRATA BHATTACHARYARJEE, 2009, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS

6. A TEXT BOOK OF VIRUS, K.C.SAWANT, 2009, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS

7. PLANT PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY, S.K.SINGH, SEEMA SRIWASTAVA, 2009, CAMPUS BOOKS INTERNATIONAL

8. EXPERIMENTS IN MICROBIOLOGY, PLANT PATHOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY, K.R.

ANEJA, 2003, NEW AGE INT.PVT.LTD

9. CELL BIOLOGY GENETICS MOLE BIOLOGY EVOLUTION AND ECOLOGY, P. S. VERMA, 2005, S. CHAND

10. GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY, R. Y. STANIER, 2008, MC MILLON PRESS LTD

11. BIOTECHNOLOGY (E.H.), B. D. SINGH, 2008, KALYANI PUBLICATION

12. GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY-5TH EDI, R. Y. STANIER, 1995, MAC MILLAN PRESS PVT. LTD. LANDON

13. FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF BACTERIOLOGY IIED. A.J.SALLE. TATA-MCGRAWHILL (PUB.).

14. TEXT-BOOK OF MICROBIOLOGY- ANANTNARAYAN, C.K. JAYRAM, PANIKAR, 2005, ORIENT LONGMAN.

15. GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY-VOL-I, POWAR AND DAGINAWALA, 2008, HIMALAYA PUBLISHING HOUSE

16. CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY GERALD KARP, 2007. JOHN WILLEY AND SON PVT. LTD.

17. ELEMENTARY MICROBIOLOGY VOL-I, DR.H.A.MODI, 1995, EKTA PRAKASHAN

18. CELL BIOLOGY, C.B. POWAR, 2005, HIMALAYA PUBLISHING HOUSE.

19. CELL BIOLOGY, VARMA AND AGRAWAL, 2005, S. CHAND, DELHI

20. PLANT PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY, S. K. VERMA, 2006, S.CHAND, DELHI

21. CELL, B. LEWIN, 2007, JONES AND BARTLETT PUBLISHER, LONDON.

22. GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY, PELZAR, 2005, TATA MCGRAW HILL, DELHI

23. CYTOLOGY, VERMA AND ARGAWAL, 2005, S. CHAND, NEWDELHI

24. PRACTICAL MICROBIOLOGY, MAHESHWARI D.K., R. C. DUBEY, 2005, S. CHAND, DELHI

25. PRACTICAL MICROBIOLOGY, VINITA KALE & KISHORE BHASARI, HIMALAYA PUBLICATION

26.HISTORY OF MICROBIOLOGY AND MICROBIOLOGICAL METHODS, SOLUNKE, HAMDE, AWASTHI, THORAT. ATHARVA PUBLICATIONS, JALGAON.

27. MANUAL OF METHODS FOR PURE CULTURE STUDY, SOLUNKE, HAMDE, AWASTHI, WAKTE. NIP NEW DELHI.

# **SEMESTER-II**

	Semester II	
Cour	rse Code Paper-IV Marks: 40	
	Credits: 2 Total Hours :48	
	BIOCHEMISTRY	
Obied	tive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of Biochemistry.	
, ,		**
Unit	Content	Hrs.
No.		
1	Fundamental of Biochemistry	12
	A. Concept of atom, molecules.	
	B. pH, Acid, Bases, Buffer, Solvent, Solute, Different types of Solution (Hypertonic, Hypotonic and	
	isotonic)	
	C. Concept of Normality, Molarity, Molality, Diffusion, Osmosis.	
	D. Interaction between atoms and molecules (lonic bond, Lovalent bond, Vander wall force of	
	attraction, coordinate interaction)	40
Z	Nucleocomos	12
	A Chemical structure and base composition of nucleic acids	
	A. Chemical Structure and base composition of nucleic actus. B. Watson Crick Model (B. DNA), deviations from Watson Crick model of DNA (A, and 7, DNA)	
	C Chargeff's rules C-value and C-value naradox basic idea of Cot curves	
	D Structure of m-RNA t-RNA and r-RNA	
	E. Chromosome structure: chromatids centromere telomere heterochromatin and euchromatin	
	F. Chromatin structure: basic concept of nucleosome structure. 10 nm and 30 nm fibres.	
	G. Concept of split genes, introns, exons, spacers, .	
3	Carbohydrates, lipids and vitamins	12
5	A. Definition, Classification, nomenclature of carbohydrates.	14
	B. Structures of monosaccharides: - Glucose, fructose.	
	C. Structures of disaccharides: - Lactose, Maltose, Sucrose.	
	D. Structures and properties of polysaccharides: Energy storage molecules- starch, glycogen.	
	Building blocks – cellulose, chitin.	
	E. Lipids-Types of lipids, Structures of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, triglycerides,	
	phospholipids and sphingolipids.	
	F. Definition and structures of terpenoids, Liposomes and steroids.	
	G. Vitamins-Types of vitamins, classification on the basis of solubiblity, physiological functions.	
4	Amino Acids and Proteins	12
	A. Classification and Structures of Amino Acids.	
	B. Physico-chemical properties of amino acids (solubility, reaction like Edman's, Sanger's Dansyl	
	chloride, ninnydrin and formaldehyde).	
	L. Primary structure of proteins: Determination of primary structure (end group analysis,	
	cleavage of disulfide bonds, amino acid composition, use	
	or encopepticase specificity, assignment or disunde position, J.	
	D. Secondary scructure of proteins. The a-neinx, D-suluctures (parallel, and parallel, mixed, D-turil).	
	F. Ouaternary structure of proteins: Heamoglohin	

vear

	Semester II	
Cour	se Code Paper-V Marks: 40	)
C	redits: 2 Total Hours :4	8
	Genetics	
Object	tive: To make the students to understand and aware the fundamentals of Genetics	
,		
Unit	Content	Hrs.
No.		
1	Mendel's laws of inheritance	12
	A. Chromosome theory of inheritance	
	B. Law of Dominance, Law of segregation, law of independent assortment.	
	C. Genotypic and phenotypic ratio.	
	D. Deviations from Mendelian ratio: Gene interactions: Allelic interactions (incomplete	
	dominance of flower color in snapdragon, co-dominance of ABO blood groups in humans) and	
	multiple alleles, non allelic	
	interactions (ratios 9:7, 9:3:4, 13:3)	
2	Linkage and Crossing over	12
	A. Concept of linkage Sex-linkage,	
	B. Sex determination in plant and animals	
	C. Non disjunction as a proof of chromosomal theory of inheritance.	
	D. Concept of crossing over: Holliday junction, chiasmata formation.	
	E. Molecular mechanism of Crossing over.	10
3	Chromosomal Aberration	12
	A. Chromosomal aberrations in plants and animals	
	B. Numerical abnormalities: Turner Syndrome, Down Syndrome, Klinefelter's syndrome.	
	C. Aneuploidy and polyploidy.	
	D. Structural abnormalities: - Deletions, Duplications, Translocations, Inversions, Insertions.	40
4	A Deputation genetics and Genetic disorders	12
	A. Population genetics: Basic lidea of Natural Selection, Genetic Drift, Gene now.	
	C. Dringinlo of Hardy Weinborg equilibrium	
	D. Canatic disorders: Definition	
	a) Autosome Recessive-Sickle-cell anemia	
	b) Autosome Dominant-Marfan Syndrome	
	c) X-linked Dominant-Rett Syndrome	
	d) X-linked Recessive- Haemonhilia	
	e) Y-linked- Male infertility	

#### Practicals B. Sc. I Semester –II {Based on Theory Paper -IV & V}

#### **TOTAL HOURS: 48**

#### **CREDITS: 2**

Marks: 30

1. \*Preparation of common buffers used in Biochemistry.

- 2. \*Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates.
- 3. Qualitative Analysis of proteins.

4. \*Qualitative Analysis of lipids.

5. \*Qualitative Analysis of Nucleic acid.

6. Quantitative estimation of sugars by DNS/Folin method.

7. \*Quantitative estimation of proteins by Biuret method.

8. \*Quantitative estimation of proteins by Lowry method.

9. \*Quantitative estimation of DNA Diphenylamine reagent.

10.\*Quantitative estimation of RNA Orcinol Reagent.

11.Determination of Iodine value of oil.

12.Estimation of Vit. C

13.\*Effect of osmotic pressure.

14.\*Verification of Mendel's law.

15.Preparation of giant chromosomes

Note: -

1. Underlined practicals are considered as major practicals.

2. Practicals with asteric mark are compulsory practicals.

3. At least 10 (4 major and 6 minor Compulsory) practical to be carried out in a semester.

### 4. The theory involved with each practical must be taught before conducting the practical.

Note: i) Minimum 4 major and 4 minor experiments are compulsory

- ii) Underlined experiments are considered to be major experiments
- iii) Experiments with asterisks are compulsory

iv) Duration of practical examination will be 8 hours a day

### TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES FOR THEORY AND PRACTICALS FOR B.Sc. semester II:

1. GENETICS, P.J. RUSSEL, BENJAMIN/CUMMINGS.

2. MICROBIAL GENETICS BY KEYA CHAUDHARI, 2014 TERI PRESS, NEW DELHI

3. PRINCIPLES OF GENETICS, E.J. GARDNER, 2006, JOHN W.H. SONS INC.

4. PRINCIPLES OF GENETICS, D.P. SUNTAN & M.J. SIMMONS, 2005, JOHN WILEY & SONS INC.

5. MOLECULAR BIOLOGY OF GENE (FIFTH EDITION) J.D. WATSON, A.M. WEINER & N.H. HOPKINS, ADDISON-WESLY PUBLISHING.

6. ELEMENTARY BIOCHEMISTRY, J.L.JAIN, SANJAI JAIN, 2007, S.CHAND

7. FUNDAMENTAL OF BIOCHEMISTRY, J.L.JAIN, SANJAI JAIN, 2008, S.CHAND

8. SELECTED QUESTION WITH ANSWER IN BIOCHEMISTRY, AMIT KRISHNA DE, 1997, S.CHAND

9. QUALITATIVE TEST AND QUANTITATIVE PROCEDURES IN BIOCHEMISTRY, PUSHPA

SUNDARARAJ, ANUPA SIDHU, 1995, S.CHAND

10. ANALYSIS OF AMINO ACID OF PROTEINS AND NUCLEIC ACID, BUTTERWORTH, HEINEMANM, 2004, OPEN UNIVERSITY PUBL

11. BIOCHEMISTRY, U.SATYANARAYANA, 2009, BOOKS AND ALLIED

12. BIOCHEMISTRY, C.B. POWAR, 2006, HIMALAYA

13. PRINCIPLE OF BIOCHEMISTRY, L. NELSON AND COX, 2008, REPLIKA PRESS

14. GENETICS, MONROE W.STRICTBERGER, 2008, PEARSON EUD.

15. BIOCHEMISTRY- U.SATYANARAYANA, 2009, BOOKS AND ALLIED

16. BIOCHEMISTRY- A.C. DEB, 1998, NEW CENTRAL BOOK AGENCY, CALCUTTA.

17. BIOCHEMISTRY- STRYER, 6тн EDI., FREEMAN PUBLICATION.

18. BIOCHEMISTRY- VOET AND VOET, 2005, JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC..

19. BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY- UPADYAY AND NATH, 2007, HIMALAYA PUBLICATION.

20. GENETICS- C.B. PAWAR, 2005, S. CHAND, NEWDELHI.

21. GENETICS- STRICTBERGER, 3RD EDI., PHI LEARNING PVT. LTD. NEWDELHI.

22. BIOCHEMISTRY- PAWAR AND CHATWAL, 2005. HIMALAYA PUBLICATION HOUSE.

23. BIOCHEMISTRY PRACTICAL MANUAL, JAIRAMAN, 2008.

24. EXPERIMENTS IN MICROBIOLOGY, PLANT PATHOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY, K.R. ANEJA, 2003, NEW AGE INT.PVT.LTD.

25. STANDARD METHODS OF BIOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS, S. R. THIMMAIAH.

# **SEMESTER-III**

Semester III				
Cour	Course Code Paper-VII Marks:			
Cred	its: 2 Total Hours	s :48		
	Cell Metabolism			
Objec	tive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of physiological and meta	bolic		
nathw	vave.			
Unit	Content	Hrs		
No.				
1	Bioenergetics	. 12		
-	A. Concept of free energy, entropy, enthalpy and redox potential.			
	B. Concept of high energy bonds as related to the structure of			
	phosphoenolpyruvate, creatine phosphate etc.			
	C. ATD-ADP cycle			
	D. Energy charge (Phosphate potential) and its relation to metabolic regulation.			
2	Carbohydrate Metabolism	12		
	A. Cellular respiration, glycolysis (pathway, its regulation and inhibitors)			
	B. Glyconeogenesis (bypass reaction)			
	C. TCA cycle and its regulation			
	D. Electron transport chain-ATP synthesis, oxidative phosphorylation			
	E. Photophosphorylation, Hill reaction, CO2 fixation			
	a) F. Glycogenesis and glycogenolysis			
3	Lipid Metabolism	12		
	A. Biosynthesis of fatty acids, fatty acid synthase complex			
	B. Oxidation of fatty acids, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ and $\omega$			
	C. Ketogenesis, ketosis and ketoacidosis			
	D. Diseases of fat metabolism- Gaucher's disease, Tay-Sachs disease, Niemann			
	Pick disease, Fabry's disease	10		
4	Metabolism of Nitrogenous Compound	12		
	A. Trasamination (Mechanism)			
	D. Orea cycle- detail account, initiage of urea cycle and TCA cycle, regulation			
	D. Transmothylation and decarboxylation, physiological important products of			
	decarboxylation			
	E. Biosynthesis of purine and pyrimidines			

B.Sc. I
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B.Sc.	Ι
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	Semester III		
Cours	se Code Paper-VIII Marks:	50	
Crea	Credits: 2 Total Hours		
	Molecular Biology and Enzymology		
Objec	tive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of Molecularbiology and		
enzyn	nology.		
Unit	Content	Hr	
No.		S.	
1	Introduction to the Enzymology	12	
	A. Terminology- Active site, holoenzyme, apoenzyme, substrate, coenzyme, cofactor,		
	inhibitor, activator, modulator, allosteric enzyme, isoenzyme, ribozyme		
	B. Concept of activity, specific activity, turnover number, unit of enzyme activity (Katal,		
	International unit)		
	C. Nomenciature and classification of enzyme		
	template theory) Koshland model (Induce fit model)		
2	Enzyme Catalysis	12	
_	A. Mechanism of enzyme catalysis- Acid base catalysis, covalent catalysis, metal ion catalysis		
	B. Enzyme kinetics- Michaelis-Menten equation, Lineweaver- Burke plot		
	C. Enzyme inhibition- Reversible inhibition, irreversible inhibition,		
	D. Factors affecting enzyme activity- concentration of enzyme, concentration of substrate,		
	effect of temperature, effect of pH, temperature quotient		
	E. Enzyme immobilization	10	
3	Replication and Transcription in Prokaryotes           A Device time France of the structure	12	
	A. <b>Replication-</b> Enzymology of replication DNA polymerase I, brief treatment		
	B Proof for semiconservative replication. Okazaki fragments		
	C. Replication origins initiation elongation and termination		
	D. <b>Transcription-</b> Concept of promoter (-10 and -35 sequences and their significance)		
	E. RNA polymerase		
	F. Four steps of transcription (promoter binding and activation, RNA chain		
	initiation, and promoter escape, chain elongation, termination and release).		
	G. Regulation of Transcription in Prokaryotes: Basic idea of lac- and trp operons.		
4	Genetic Code and Translation in Prokaryotes	12	
	A. General characteristics of Genetic code		
	B. Lodon- anticodon interaction – the wobble hypothesis.		
	L. Selection of initiation codon – Snine-Dalgarno sequence and the 165 r RNA.		
	E. Concept of Couple transcription-translation		

#### Practicals B. Sc. II Semester III { based on Paper -VII & VIII}

#### **Total Hours: 48**

**CREDITS: 2** 

Marks: 30

1. \*Isolation of RNA from bacteria.

2. \*Determination of Vmax and Km for  $\alpha$ -amylase.

3. Effect of different concentration of metal ions on activity of  $\alpha$ -amylase enzyme.

4. Effect of pH on enzyme activity.

5. Assay of activity of  $\beta$ -galactosidase.

6. Isolation of mitochondria and assay of marker enzyme.

7. Isolation and determination of concentration of photosynthetic pigments from spinach leaves.

8. Estimation of free fatty acids by titration method.

9. \*Effect of substrate concentration on enzyme activity.

10. Determine the heat of reaction (Enthalpy).

11. \*Immobilization of enzyme in alginate gel.

12.Production microbial enzyme (amylase) and conversion of starch to glucose and detection of formed glucose by anthrone method.

13.Demonstration of genetic code.

### TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES FOR THEORY AND PRACTICALS FOR B.Sc. semester III:

1. CELL BIOLOGY GENETICS MOLE BIOLOGY EVOLUTION AND ECOLOGY BY P. S. VERMA, S. CHAND COMPANY, 2005

2. BIOCHEMISTRY BY C.B. POWAR HIMALAYA PUBLICATION, 2006

3. BIOCHEMISTRY BY J. L. JAIN, S. CHAND COMPANY, 2005

4. PRINCIPLE OF BIOCHEMISTRY (LEHNINGER) BY D. L. NELSON, REPLIKA PRESS, 2008 5. PRINCIPLE OF BIOCHEMISTRY BY D.J. VOET & C. W. PRATT, JOHN WILEY AND SONS PUBL., 2008

6. BIOCHEMISTRY, U.SATYANARAYANA, BOOKS AND ALLIED PUBL., 2011

7. BIOCHEMICAL METHOS BY S. SADASIVAM AND A. MANICKAM, NEW AGE INT. PVT. PLB., 2010

8. LABORATORY MANUAL IN BIOCHEMISTRY BY J. JAYARAMAN, NEW AGE INT. PVT , 2011 9. STANDARD METHODS OF BIOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS BY S. R. THIMMAIAH, KALYANI PUBLICATION, 2009

10. ELEMENTARY BIOCHEMISTRY, J.L.JAIN, SANJAI JAIN, 2007, S.CHAND

11. QUALITATIVE TEST AND QUANTITATIVE PROCEDURES IN BIOCHEMISTRY, PUSHPA SUNDARARAJ, ANUPA SIDHU, 1995, S.CHAND

12. BIOCHEMISTRY- A.C. DEB, 1998, NEW CENTRAL BOOK AGENCY, CALCUTTA.

13. BIOCHEMISTRY- STRYER, 6TH EDI., FREEMAN PUBLICATION.

14. BIOCHEMISTRY- PAWAR AND CHATWAL, 2005. HIMALAYA PUBLICATION HOUSE.

15. PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY-PRACTICAL MANUAL, C.C.GIRI,ARCHANA GIRI, I.K.INT.PUB HOUSE, 2007

16. BIOCHEMISTRY, MATHEWS VAN HOLDDE, AHERN, PEARSON EUD., 2005

17. AN INTRODUCTION TO PRACTICAL BIOCHEMISTRY, DAVID T. PLUMMER, TATA MCGRAW HILL, 2008

18. BIOCHEMISTRY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY OF PLANTS , BUCHANAN, CRUISSEN JONES,

I.K.INT.PUB HOUSE, 2007

19. ANALYSIS OF AMINO ACID OF PROTEINS AND NUCLEIC ACID, BUTTERWORTH, HEINEMANM, OPEN UNIVERSITY PUBL, 2004

20. GENERAL ENZYMOLOGY, KULKARNI & DESHPANDE, HIMALAYA PUBLICATION

21. INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS, CHATWAL & ANAND, HIMALAYA PUBLICATION

22. ENZYMOLOGY & ENZYME TECHNOLOGY, S. M. BHATT, S. CHAND

23. BIOCHEMISTRY, TREHAN , KESHAR, NEW AGE PUBLICATION

24. ENZYMES, TREVOR PALMER, AFFILIATED EAST-WEST PRESS PVT. LTD.

25. PRINCIPALS OF CELLS ENERGETICS, BUTTERWORTH, HEINEMANM, OPEN UNIVERSITY PUBL, 2004

26. PRINCIPLES OF ENZYMOLOGY FOR TECHNOLOGICAL APPLICATION, BUTTERWORTH,HEINEMANM, OPEN UNIVERSITY PUBL, 2004 27. GENETICS BY C. B. PAWAR, HIMALAYA PUBLICATION, 2008

# **SEMESTER-IV**

B.Sc.	Π
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	Semester-IV			
Cours	Course Code Paper-X Marks: 50			
Credits: 2 Total Hours :48				
	Biophysical Techniques			
Objec	tive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals Techniques.			
Unit	Content	Irs.		
No.				
1	Spectrophotometry	12		
	A. Concept of electromagnetic radiation, spectrum of light absorption of electromagnetic			
	radiations, involvement of orbital in absorption of electromagnetic radiations.			
	B. Concept of chromophores.			
	C. Concept of Lambert and Beer's law			
	D. Difference between spectrophotometer and colorimeter.			
0	E. Instrumentation and applications of UV and visible Spectrophotometry.	4.0		
Z	A Destition principle portition coefficient brief account of paper abromatography	12		
	B. Thin layer chromatography			
	C Gel filtration-concent of distribution coefficient types of gels and glass heads applications			
	D. Ion-exchange chromatography-Principle, types of resins, choice of buffers, applications			
	including amino acid analyzer.			
	E. Affinity chromatography-Principle, selection of ligand, brief of ligand			
	attachment.			
3	Electrophoresis and Centrifugation	12		
	A. Electrophoresis- Migration of ions in electric field, factors affecting electrophoretic			
	mobility,			
	B. Gel electrophoresis-Types of gels, solubilizers, procedure, column, slab gels and submarine			
	electrophoresis, detection.			
	C. SDS-PAGE electropholesis- applications			
	E. Preparative centrifugation- Differential and density gradient centrifugation			
	F. Analytical centrifugation- Sedimentation coefficient.			
4	Isotopic Tracer Technique	12		
	A. Radioactive and stable isotopes, rate of radioactivity decay, units of radioactivity			
	B. Measurement of radioactivity- Ionization chamber, proportional counters, Geiger-Muller			
	counter, solid and liquid scintillation counter (Principle, instrumentation and techniques),			
	C. Measurement of stable isotopes- Falling drop method for deuterium, Mass spectrometry			
	D. Principle of tracer techniques, advantage and limitations, Application of isotopes in			
	biotechnology (distribution studies, metabolic studies, autoradiography)			

B.Sc.	Π
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	Semester-IV		
Cours	Course Code Paper-XI Marks:		
	Credits: 2 Total H		
	Immunology and Biostatistics		
Obie	ctive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of the Imm	unology and	
Biost	tatistics.		
Unit	Content	Hrs.	
No.			
1	Basics of Immunology	12	
	A. Historical background	12	
	B. Concept of Immunity and their classification		
	C. Cells of Immunity- Lymphocytes, Granulocytes and Agranulocytes.		
	D. Organs of Immunity- Primary lymphoid organs (Bone marrow, Thymus),		
	Secondary lymphoid organs (Spleen, Lymph node)		
	E. Immunoglobulin and their classes		
2	Immune Response	12	
	A. Innate Immunity		
	B. Humaral Immunity		
	C. Cell mediated Immunity- ADCC, Complement system		
	D. MHC-I and MHC-II molecules		
	E. Hypersensitivity- Delayed type hypersensitivity		
	F. Vaccination- Discovery, Principle and their significance		
	G. Concept of autoimmunity	10	
3	Immunological Techniques	12	
	A. Antigen-antibody reactions- Precipitation, agglutination, complement		
	IIXation, toxin-antitoxin reaction		
	D. Kaulai IIIIIIulioulilusioli, ELISA, VDKL allu wiual.		
	immunodiagnosis		
1	Biostatistics	12	
т	A. Measures of central tendency: mean, mode, and median.	12	
	B. Measures of dispersion: range, mean deviation, standard deviation.		
	C. Methods of sampling, sampling error, non-sampling errors, standard error.		
	D. Chi-square test, meaning of correlation and regression.		
	E. Presentation of stastical data: tabulation (simple tables, frequency		
	distribution table); charts and diagrams (bar charts, histograms, pie charts,		
	dendogram).		

#### Practicals B. Sc. II (Semester IV) {based on Paper -X & XI}

#### **Total Hours: 48**

#### **CREDITS: 2**

Marks: 30

1. Gel electrophoresis of proteins.

2. \*Agarose gel electrophoresis of nucleic acid.

3. \*SDS-PAGE of an oligomeric protein.

4. Determination of absorption spectrum of oxy- and deoxyhaemoglobin.

5. Spectrophotometric titration of proteins.

6. Protein estimation by E280/E260 method.

7. \*Paper chromatography of amino acids/sugars.

8. TLC of lipid/amino acids.

9. Antigen- antibody reactions: blood group (demo only), pregnancy (demo only) and widal (quantitative).

10.\*Radial immunodiffusion.

11.\*ELISA

12.Cellular fractionation and separation of cell organelles using centrifuge.

13.\*Calculation of mean, median and mode (manual / computer aided)

14.Calculation of standard deviation and standard error (manual / computer aided).

15.Biostatistical problem based on standard deviation.

16.Computer	presentation	of	statistical	data,	chart	and	diagrams.
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### TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES FOR THEORY AND PRACTICALS FOR B.Sc. semester IV:

1. BIOTECHNOLOGY, B. D. SINGH, KALYANI PUBLICATION, LUDHIANA, 2008

2. CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, GERALD KARP, WILEY PUB., 2007

3. BIOTECHNOLOGY A LAB. MANUAL, JEFFERY M. BECKER, ACADEMIC PRESS, 1998

4. IMMUNOLOGY, KUBY, W.H.FREEMAN AND COMPANY, 2007

5. BIOLOGICAL INSTUMENTATION AND METHODOLOGY, P.K.BAJPAI, S.CHAND, 2008

6. TEXT BOOK OF BIOTECHNOLOGY, R.C.DUBEY, S.CHAND, 2009

7. TEXT OF IMMUNOLOGY AND IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY, B.ANNADURAI, S.CHAND, 2008 8. INTRODUCTION TO BIOPHYSICS, PRANAB K.BANERJEE, S.CHAND, 2008

9. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF BIOSTATISTICS VOL-I, D.UPRETTI, R.P.RASTOGI, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2008

10. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF BIOSTATISTICS VOL-II, D.UPRETTI, R.P.RASTOGI, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

11. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF BIOSTATISTICS VOL-III, D.UPRETTI, R.P.RASTOGI, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

12. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF BIOSTATISTICS VOL-IV, D.UPRETTI, R.P.RASTOGI, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

13. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF BIOSTATISTICS VOL-V, D.UPRETTI, R.P.RASTOGI, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

14. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF IMMUNOLOGY VOL-I, SURENDRA NAHA, RABINDRA NARAIN, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

15. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF IMMUNOLOGY VOL-II, SURENDRA NAHA, RABINDRA NARAIN, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

16. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF IMMUNOLOGY VOL-III, SURENDRA NAHA, RABINDRA NARAIN, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

17. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF IMMUNOLOGY VOL-IV, SURENDRA NAHA, RABINDRA NARAIN, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

18. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF IMMUNOLOGY VOL-V, SURENDRA NAHA, RABINDRA NARAIN, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

19. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF IMMUNOLOGY VOL-VI, SURENDRA NAHA, RABINDRA NARAIN, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

20. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF IMMUNOLOGY VOL-VII, SURENDRA NAHA, RABINDRA NARAIN, DOMINANAT PUBLISHERS, 2009

21. TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES OF BIOTECHNOLOGY, MADHAV SHARMA, NIRMAL TRIPATR, CRESCENT PUB CORPORATION, 2008

22. BIOSTATISTICS, WAYNE W. DINIEL, WILEY INDIA, 2007

23. BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY, UPADYAY, NATH, HIMALAYA PUBLISHING HOUSE, 2009

24. PRINCIPLE OF TECHNIQUES, KEITH WILSON, JOHN WALKER, CAMBRIDGE UNI. PRESS, 2008

25. ROITT'S ESSENTIAL IMMUNOLOGY, PETER J. DELVES, BLAKWELL PUBLISHING, 2006 26. TECHNIQUES IN LIFE SCIENCES, DR. D. B. TEMBHARE, HIMALAYA PUBLICATION, 2006

27. BIOPHYSICS, PRANAVKUMAR CHATTERJI, S. CHAND, 2008

# **SEMESTER-V**

B.Sc.	II
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	Semester-V		
Course C	ode Paper-XIII Mark	s: 40	
Credits	Credits: 2 Total Hours :4		
	Genetic Engineering		
Objective	: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of <b>Genetic Engineering</b>		
Unit No.	Content	Hrs	
1	Introduction of Genetic Engineering	12	
	A. Basics of genetic engineering		
	B. DNA manipulation enzymes: nucleases, ligases, polymerases alkaline		
	phosphatase, T4 polynucleotide kinase.		
	C. Restriction endonuclease enzyme and their types		
	D. Isolation of DNA- lysis of cells, direct purification of DNA		
	E. Generation of DNA fragments for cloning- cDNA, Genomic DNA library		
	F. Amplification of DNA: polymerase chain reaction (PCR)		
2	Cloning Vectors and r-DNA Preparation	12	
	A. Plasmid vectors (pBR322, pUC 18/19)		
	B. Cosmid vectors		
	C. Bacteriophage vector (lambda phage)		
	D. Phagemid vector		
	E. Artificial chromosome (YAC, BAC)		
	F. Insertion of foreign DNA into a vector (use of linkers, adaptors and		
	homopolymer tailing)		
3	Insertion of rDNA into host cells	12	
	A. Transformation		
	B. Transfection- calcium phosphate coprecipitation, DEAE-dextran mediated transfection		
	C. Particle gun method		
	D. Lipofection		
	E. Microinjection		
	F. Screening of recombinants- direct section and Blue-White selection method		
4	Application of rDNA	12	
	A. Gene therapy-somatic gene therapy		
	B. DNA fingerprinting		
	C. Interferon production		
	D. Disease diagnosis- antenatal diagnosis, genetic counseling		
	E. Monoclonal antibodies production		

B.Sc. 1	II
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	Semester-V		
Course Co	Course Code Paper-XIV Marks: 40		
Credits: 2 Plant Biotechnology Total Hours :48			
Objective	To make the students understand the fundamentals of techniques of	Plant	
Biotechr	ology		
Unit No.	Content	Hrs	
1	Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture	12	
	A. Introduction and history of cell and tissue culture technique.		
	B. Plant tissue culture media (composition and preparation and its role in media)		
	C. Role of growth hormone (auxins, cytokinins and others)		
	D. Callus and suspension cultures: initiation and maintenance, single cell clones.		
2	Techniques of Plant Tissue Culture	12	
	A. Shoot tip culture: rapid clonal propagation and production of virus free plants.		
	B. Organogenesis. embryogenesis		
	C. Embryo culture and embryo rescue.		
	D. Protoplast isolation, culture and fusion.		
	E. Selection and regeneration of hybrid plants, cybrid.		
	F. Production of haploid plants: anther and pollen culture		
3	Plant Transformation Technology	12	
	A. Basis of tumor formation, hairy root.		
	B. General features of Ti and Ri plasmids.		
	C. Mechanism of DNA transfer, role of virulence genes, use of Ti and Ri as vectors		
	D. Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation		
	methods.		
	E. Brief idea of chloroplast transformation.		
4	Application of Plant Tissue Culture	12	
	A Harbielde resistance, abcorbainsthrising slumbossts sulfand was		
	A. Herbicide resistance -phosphoinothricine glyphosate, suffonyi urea		
	<ul> <li>B. Insect resistance-Bt genes.</li> <li>C. Viene resistance as a structure modiate data data data data data data data d</li></ul>		
	L. virus resistance, coat protein mediated nucleocapsid gene.		
	D. Fungal resistance, disease resistance, nematode resistance.		
	E. Improvement of crop yield and quality - long shelf life of fruits and flowers.		
	F. Male sterile lines.		

#### Practical's B.Sc. III (Semester V) {Practical's based on Paper -XIII & XIV} **CREDITS: 2**

Marks: 30

1. \*Isolation of genomic DNA

**Total Hours: 48** 

- 2. \*Isolation of Plasmid DNA
- 3. Isolation of  $\lambda$  phage DNA
- 4. Isolation of Chloroplast DNA
- 5. \*Restriction digestion of DNA
- 6. Construction of recombinant DNA
- 7. DNA amplification by PCR method
- 8. Preparation of plant tissue culture media.

# **SEMESTER-VI**

B.Sc. III

	Semester-VI	
Cours	ourse Code Paper No. XVI Marks: 50	
Credit	ts: 2 Environmental Biotechnology Total Hr	s :48
Objec	tive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of Environmental Biotechno	logy .
Unit	Content	Hrs.
No.		
1	Introduction to Environmental Problems	12
	A. Environmental education-Problems and need.	
	B. Environmental pollution: classification of pollutants	
	C. Water pollution- water pollutants- organic, inorganic, microbial, radioactive,	
	eutrophication,	
	D. Air pollution- sources and pollutants.	
	E. Ozone depletion, green-house effect and acid rain	
2	Water Pollution and Waste water treatment	12
	A. Waste water: composition, types	
	B. Measurement of water pollution- BOD (Biochemical oxygen demand), COD (chemical	
	oxygen demand)	
	C. Waste water treatment: classification, types (flow sheet)	
	D. Biological waste water treatment: activated sludge, trickling filter, oxidation pond,	
	rotating biological contactor, anaerobic digester.	
	E. Treatment scheme of industries: paper and sugar industries	
3	Xenobiotics, Biodegradation and Bioremediation	12
	A. Basic concept of xenobiotics, types	
	B. Bioaccumulation and biomagnification	
	C. Biodegradation of xenobiotics in environment: degradative plasmids, Biodegradation of	
	hydrocarbons, surfactant, pesticides, synthetic dyes	
	D. Bioleaching of heavy metals: Copper, mercury, advantages and disadvantages of	
	bioleaching.	
4	Biofertilizer, Bioenergy and Pest Management	12
	A. Biogeochemical cycles: - (nitrogen, carbon and sulphur)	
	B. Biofuel: alcohol	
	C. Biological nitrogen fixation- symbiotic and non-symbiotic nitrogen fixation, mechanism,	
	Role of rDNA technology in nitrogen fixation.	
	D. Biofertilizers- bacterial biofertilizers, algal biofertilizers, fungi as biofertilizers (VAM)	
	E. Biopestisides: Examples and integrated pest management(IPM)	

	Semester-VI	
Cours	Course Code Paper XVII Mark	
Cre	edits: 2 Animal Biotechnology Total Hrs :-	48
Objec	ctive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of Animal	
Biote	chnology	
Unit	Content	Hrs.
1	Basics of Animal Cell Culture	12
	A Concept of animal cell culture	
	B. Various systems of animal tissue culture, advantages and limitations	
	C. Culture media: Natural media, synthetic media, balanced salt solutions	
	D. Chemical, physical and metabolic functions of different constituents of culture medium.	
	role of CO2, serum and supplements.	
	E. Characteristics of cells in culture: contact inhibition, anchorage dependence, cell-cell	
	communication.	
2	Methods of Animal Tissue Culture	12
	A. Isolation of cells: various methods of separation of cell types	
	B. Primary culture: behavior of cells, properties	
	C. Explant culture; suspension culture.	
	D. Established cell line cultures: definition, maintenance and management;	
	cryopreservation, germplasm conservation	
3	Developmental Techniques in Animal Cell Culture	12
_	A. Apoptosis: measurement of cell death. apoptosis (death domain, role of cytochrome C)	
	B. Cell transformation, cell cloning	
	C. Cell synchronization and cell manipulation	
	E. Stem cell cultures, embryonic stem cells and their applications.	
	F. Three dimensional cultures	
4	Application of Animal Tissue Culture	12
	A. Mass production of biologically important compounds- vaccines, insulin	
	B. Manipulation of reproduction in animals: artificial insemination, embryo transfer in	
	human	
	C. In vitro fertilization technology: embryo cloning and embryonic stem cell.	
	<b>D.</b> Transgenic animals- mice, large animals( sheep)	

B.Sc. III

#### Practical's B.Sc. III (Semester VI) {Practical's based on Paper -XVI & XVII} USMBP18 Total Hours: 48 CREDITS: 2 Marks: 30

- 1. Development of primary cell lines/maintenance of established cell lines.
- 2. \*Determination of chemical oxygen demand (COD) of sewage sample.
- 3. \*Production of microbial fertilizers (*Rhizobium/Azotobacter/VAM*).
- 4. Determination of total dissolved solids of water
- 5. \*Determination of hardness and alkalinity of water sample.
- 6. Determination of dissolved oxygen concentration of water sample
- 7. \*Determination of biochemical oxygen demand of sewage sample
- 8. Isolation of xenobiotic degrading bacteria by selective enrichment technique
- 9. Test for the degradation of aromatic hydrocarbons by bacteria
- 10. Preparation and formulation of microbial biopesticide (bacteria, fungi)
- 11. Effect of mycorrhizal fungi on growth promotion of plants.
- 12. Preparation of animal cell culture media.
- 13. \*Cell count by haemocytometer (RBC/WBC)

14. \*Microtomy-Fixation, dehydration, embedding, sectioning and staining of animal tissues.

15. Microphotography

## TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES FOR THEORY AND PRACTICALS FOR B.Sc. semester VI:

1. ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGYBY:RALPH MITCHELL, JOHN WILEY AND SOPS.INC.

2. ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGYBY:C.F.FROSTER AND D.A.JOHN WASE, ELIS HORWOOD.

3. BIOCATALYSIS AND BIODEGRADATION: MICROBIAL TRANSFORMATION OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS.Y:LAWRENCE P.WACEKETT.

4. A MANUAL OF ENVIRONMENT MICROBIOLOGY.BY:CHRISTON J.HURST, ASM PUBLICATION.

5. BIODEGRADATION AND BIOREMEDIATION ACADEMIC PRESSBY:SAN DIEGO.

6. BIOTECHNOLOGY IN THE SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT, PLENUM PRESS, NYBASIC PRINCIPLES OF GEOMICROBIOLOGY. BY:A.D.AGATE.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY BY:R.M.MAIER,I.C.PAPPER AND C>P>GERBA.

- 8. METHODS IN MICROBIOLOGY:LYNCH AND HOBBIE.
- 9. EXPERIMENTAL MICROBIAL ECOLOGY.BY:AROSISON ACADEMIC PRESS.

10. ADVANCES IN APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY.BY:D.PEARLMAN ACADEMIC PRESS.

11. MICROBIOLOGY OF EXTREME ENVIRONMENTS, EDITED BY CLIVE EDWARD, OPEN UNIVERSITY PRESS, MILTON KEYNES.

12. ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE WORKING WITH THE EARTH.BY:MILLER.

13. MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY, PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATIONS.LEE YUAN KUN.

14. MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY, FUNDAMENTALS OF APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY. BY:ALEXANDER N.GLAZER.HIROSHI NIKAIDO.

15. TEXTBOOK OF ORGANIC MEDICINAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY.BY:JAIME N.DELGADO WILLIAM A.REMERS

16. MICROBIAL ECOLOGY BY LYNCH ET AL.

17. EXPERIMENTAL MICROBIAL ECOLOGY BY BURNS ET AL. ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY (2004) BY K. VIJAYA RAMESH, MJP PUBLISHERS

18. SOIL MICROBIOLOGY (2006) BY N.S. SUBBA RAO OXFORD & IBH PUBLISHING CO.PVT. LTD. 19. INTRODUCTION TO SOIL MICROBIOLOGY (1961) BY MARTIN ALEXANDER, JOHN WILEY & SONS , INC. NEW YORK , LONDON

20. MICROBIAL ECOLOGY (1993) BY RONALD M. ATLAS AND RICHARD BARTHA

21. TEXT BOOK OF BIOTECHNOLOGY, R.C.DUBEY, 2009, S.CHAND, DELHI

22. BIOTECHNOLOGY (E.H.), B. D. SINGH, 2008, KALYANI PUBLICATION

23. CELL BIOLOGY GENETICS MOLE BIOLOGY EVOLUTION AND ECOLOGY, P. S. VERMA, 2005, S.CHAND

24. INDUTRIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY, THAKUR

25. BIOTECHNOLOGY, U. SATYANARAYAN, BOOKS AND ALLIED, 2007

26. BIOTECHNOLOGY, B. D. SINGH, KALYANI PLB, 2007

27. TECHNIQUES IN LIFE SCIENCES, DR. D. B. TEMBHARE, HIMALAYA PUBLICATION, 2004

28. ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY, M.M. RANGA, HIMALAYA PUBLISHING HOUSE, 2007

29. BIOTECHNOLOGY A LAB. MANUAL, JEFFERY M. BECKER, ACADEMIC PRESS, 1998

30. CULTURE OF ANIMAL CELLS, IAN FRESHNEY, A JOHN WILLEY 2007

31. TEXT BOOK OF BIOTECHNOLOGY, R.C.DUBEY, S.CHAND, 2009

32. INVITRO CULTIVATION OF OF ANIMAL CELLS, BUTTERWORTH, HEINEMANM, OPEN UNIVERSITY PUBL, 2004

33. EXPERIMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY, MADHAV SHARMA,NIRMAL TRIPATR, CRESCENT PUB CORPORATION, 2008

34. ANIMAL CELL CULTURE, JOHN R. W. MASTERS, OXFORD UNI. PRESS NEWYORK, 2000

35. BIOCHEMICAL METHODS, SADASHIVAM, 2006

#### Books Recommended for Theory& Practical of B.Sc. III Year

- 1. Essentials of Molecular Biology by D. Freidfelder
- 2. Molecular biology by J.D. Watson.
- 3. Biophysical Chemistry by Chatwal & Anand.
- 4. Microbial Genetics by D. Freidfelder
- 5. Microbial Technology by Vol. I & II by A.H. Peppler.
- 6. Microbial Technology of TCA by A. B. Solunke, V.S. Hamde, P.S. Wakte
- 7. Principles of Genetics by R.H. Tamarin.
- 8. Molecular Biology and Genetic engineering by Narayanan.
- 9. Fundamentals of Bacterial Genetics by Nancy Trum and J. Trumphy.
- 10. Industrial Microbiology by A.H. Patel
- 11. Industrial Microbiology by Prescott & Dunn.
- 12. Modern Industrial Microbiology & Biotechnology by Nduka Okafoe.
- 13. The Book of Citric Acid by A.B. Solunke
- 14. Industrial Microbiology: An Introduction by Wastes, Morgan, Rockey and Highten.
- 15. Text Book of, Microbial Genetics by P.H.Kumbhare & V.U.Thool Rajani Prakashan, Nagpur
- 16. Biotechnology by P. Prave
- 17. Industrial Microbiology by Casida.
- 18. Text Book of Bioinstrumentation by P.H.Kumbhare & Dr. Megha Kulkarni, Rajani Prakashan, Nagpur.
- 19. DNA Chromatography by Doughlas
- 20. Ion Chromatography by J. Weiss
- 21. Encyclopedia of Bioprocessing Technology by M.C. Flickinger & S.W. Drew.
- 22. Textbook of Microbiology, Molecular Biology and Bioinstrumentation by R.M. Bhute and S.V. Kasbekar.
- 23. Microbiology for Analytical Chemists by R.K. Dart

B.Sc.	III
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DSE.....

	Semester-VI	
Cour	Course Code Paper Marks: 5	
Cred	its: 2 HUMAN MICROBIAL DISEASES, CAUSES AND CONTROL Total Hrs	:48
Obje	ctive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of	
disea	ses and their control and Transmission.	
Unit	Content	Hr
No.		S.
1	Morphology, pathogenicity and laboratory diagonosis- Gram positive organisms: Staphylococcus aureus, Streptococcus pyogenes, Bacillus anthracis, Corynebacterium diptheriae, Clostridium perfringens, Clostridium tetani. Morphology, pathogenicity and laboratory diagonosis- Gram negative organisms Escherichia coli, Klebsiella, Proteus, Salmonella, Shigella, Pseudomonas, Vibrio cholerae.	12
2	Morphology, pathogenicity and laboratory diagonosis- Mycobacterium Tuberculosis, Mycobacterium leprae, Treponema pallidum, Leptospira, Chlamydias, Rickettsiae.	12
3	Mycology: superficial infections - Dermatopytes- Microsporum - Trichophyton, Epidermophyton- Madura mycosis - Opportunistic fungal infections- Candida Albicans, Aspergillus, Mucor. Parasitic diseases- Plasmodium vivax, Giardia, Taenia solium, Ancylostoma, Ascaris, Wuchereria bancrofti, Enterobius, Trichuris trichura.	12
4	Antibiotics and chemotherapeutic agents- Mechanism of actions - Drug resistance - Antimicrobial susceptibility testing- Disc diffusion- Kirby Bauer.	12

#### **References:**

1. Mackie and Mc catney, 1994, Medical Microbiology No I and II. Churchill Livingston, 14th edition.

2. Ananthanarayanan R and CK Jayaram Panicker, 1994, Textbook of microbiology Orient Longman.

3. Chakraborty P 1995, A Text book of microbiology, New Central Book Agency Pvt Ltd. Calcutta.

4. Bailey and Scotts, 1994, Diagnostic Microbiology, 9th edition, Baron and Finegold CV Mosby Publications.

5. Jawetz E Melnic JL and Adelberg EA 1998, review of Medical Microbiology Lange Medical Publications, USA.

DSE.....

B.Sc. III

Semester-VI		
e Code Paper Marks: 50		
s: 2 COMMERCIAL MICROBIOLOGY Total Hrs :48		
ive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of Commercial		
biology		
Content F		
Cosmetic Microbiology: definition, Microorganisms used in production of cosmetics.	12	
Textile Microbiology: definition, Sterility test for textile products.		
Rubber Microbiology: definition, Production of antimicrobial rubber articles.		
Glass Microbiology: Definition, history of glass, Production of Antimicrobial glass.	12	
Various Methods. Applications.		
Paper Microbiology: antimicrobial Paper Production, antimicrobial currency.		
Space Microbiology: Definition,	12	
Energy Microbiology: Production of Hydrogen, biodesel, etc.		
	Semester-VI         Marks: 50         s: 2 COMMERCIAL MICROBIOLOGY Total Hrs :48         tive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of Commercial biology         Content         Cosmetic Microbiology: definition, Microorganisms used in production of cosmetics. Sterility testing of cosmetic products.         Textile Microbiology: definition, Sterility test for textile products.         Rubber Microbiology: definition, Production of antimicrobial rubber articles.         Glass Microbiology: Definition, history of glass, Production of Antimicrobial glass.         Various Methods. Applications.         Paper Microbiology: Definition, Energy Microbiology: Production of Hydrogen, biodesel, etc.	

#### DSE.....

#### B.Sc. III

	Semester-VI	
Cours	e Code Paper Marks: 50	
Credit	rs: 2 Instruments in Microbiology Total Hrs: 48	
Object	tive: To make the students to understand the fundamentals of various instrumen	its
used in	n Microbiology	
Unit	Content	Hrs.
No.		
1	Autoclave: definition, principle, and application. Types of autoclaves.	12
	Incubator: definition, principle, and application. Types of Incubators.	
	PasteurizerS: Definition, working, and applications. Types of Pasteurizers.	
2	Microscopes;	12
	Compound Microscope, Electron Microscope, Phase Contrast Microscope, AFM Microscope,	
	Confocal Microscope. Principles, working and applications.	
3	Reactors: Types of reactors.	12
	Batch reactors, Continious reactors, Spiral vane reactor,	
	Anaerobic reactors.	
	Principles, working and applications.	
	Drum Reactor for Manufacturing of Raw Materials by Aerobic Fermentation	
4	Biosensors: Principles, working and applications.	12

D	SE		
	Semester-VI		
Course	e Code Paper Marks: 50		
Credit	rs: 2 Raw Materials in Microbiology Total Hrs:48		
Object	t <b>ive:</b> To make the students to understand the fundamentals of various raw mater	rials	
and the	eir instruments used in Industries.		
Unit	Content	Hrs.	
No.			
1	Peptone: Definition, Chemistry, Classification, production methods. Production of vegetable peptone and rice peptone. Applications of peptone.		
	Albumin: definition, Types of albumin, detection of albumin, Albumin Collection apparatus.		
	BEEF EXTRACT: Definition, Chemistry, classification, production methods.		
	Meat extract: Definition, Chemistry, classification, production methods.		
	Yeast extract: Definition, Chemistry, production methods.		
2	Corn steep Liquor(CSL): Definition, Chemistry, Classification, production Methods. Cellulose: Definition, Chemistry, Classification, production Methods.	12	
3	Molasses: Definition, Chemistry, classification, production methods.	12	
	Bagasse: Definition, Chemistry, classification, production methods.		
4	Drum Reactor for Manufacturing of Raw Materials by Aerobic Fermentation	12	
	Methods of Reduction of the Toxic Effect of Impurities from Raw Materials		

#### B.Sc. III

DSE.....

		Semester-VI		
Cours	e Code	Paper	Marks: 50	
Credit	s: 2	Tot	tal Hrs :48	
Object	t <b>ive:</b> To make the s	tudents to understand the fu	ndamentals of	
Unit		Content		Hrs.
No.				
1				12
2				12
3				12
4				12