GONDWANA UNIVERSITY GADCHIROLI

FACULTY OF LAW

MASTER OF HUMAN RIGHTS & DUTIES EDUCATION (M.H.R.D.E)

DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR IIIrd SEMESTERS

MASTER OF HUMAN RIGHTS & DUTGIES EDUCATION PAPER- HR07

International Humanitarian Law & Refugee Law

1. International Humanitarian Law:

- a) Definition of International Humanitarian Law, the origin and development throughout the ages.
- b) Growth and Development of ICRC and its role.
- c) The four Geneva Conventions and its Additional Protocols.
- d) International Humanitarian Law and the Human Rights Law.
- e) National Measures for the implementation of International Humanitarian Law. (The Geneva Convention Act, 1960).

2. International Refugee Law:

- a) Definition of Refugee, Historical development of Refugee Law, principle of non-refoulement, rights & responsibilities of refugee, refugees "surplace".
- b) Role of UNHCR in protection of the Human Rights of Refugees and the link between Human Rights Instruments and Refugee Rights.
- c) International Instruments The 1951 Convention Relating to Status of Refugees and its 1967 Protocol.
- d) Regional Mechanisms on Refugee Protection including the OAU Convention, Cartengena Declaration, etc.
- e) International Strategies for Refugees Protection, early warning, burden sharing, safety zones, right to remain, right to return, temporary asylum, internally displaced persons.
- g) Protection in India: Indian critique of UNHCR and the Convention, protection without legislation, status of refugees in India under UNHCR, Model National Law for Refugees.

Total Marks 100

PAPER-HR08

Disadvantaged Groups and Human Rights and Duties

- 1. Conceptual Perspective:
 - a. Poverty, illiteracy, breakdown of old social and family institutions:
 Impact of improvements in health care and mortality.
 - b. Social taboos regarding the disabled.
 - c. Responsibility of the Society and the State.
- 2. Protection of the Aged and the Disabled under the Indian Constitution:
 - a. Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles under the Indian Constitution.
 - b. Special Laws for Protection of the Aged and the Disabled:
 - Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995.
 - ii. Mental Health Act, 1993.
 - iii. Policy on the Aged and the Disabled:
 - i. Special protection through reservations, quotas.
 - Major issues of barrier-free access to public places, and development of special, appropriate technologies.
- 3. Protection of the Aged and the Disabled:
 - a. Vulnerability of the aged and the disabled:
 - i. Indian society and the aged and the disabled.
- 4. Institutional Mechanisms for Protection of the Aged and the Disabled:
 - a. Constitutional mechanisms: Legislative, Executive, and Judiciary.
 - b. Non-Governmental Organisations.
 - c. The Information Media.
 - d. Role of Education.

- 5. International norms for the Protection of the Aged and the Disabled:
 - a. UN General Assembly Declaration on the Rights of the Disabled
 Persons 1975.
 - b. Declaration on the Mentally Retarded Persons 1971.
 - Resolution on the Rights of the Disabled Persons adopted by the Coordinating Committee of National Institutions for the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights 1993.
 - d. World Assembly on the Ageing 1982.
- Protection of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward
 Classes:
 - a. Status of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and OBC in Indian Society:
 - The four castes: theory and practice, Feudalism and the socioeconomic system, Social and economic deprivations of the lower rungs of society through history.
 - ii. Issues of social and economic inequality in Indian society, role
 of social reformers Gandhi & Ambedkar, social
 and economic equality versus freedom from foreign rule.
 - b. Indian Constitution and Protection of SCs/STs and OBCs:
 - Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles under the Constitution
 - ii. Special protection under Article 15(4), Article 16(4) &16 (4-A), Article 17, Article 29(1), Article 46, Articles 334, 335, 338, 339, 340, 341 & 342, Fifth and Sixth Schedules.
 - c. Contemporary status:
 - i. Economic and social inequalities.
 - ii. Caste wars, Politics of caste and class.
 - iii. Status of SCs and STs in the present society.

Total Marks 100

PAPER - HR09

ENVIRONMENT AND HUMAN RIGHTS AND DUTIES

- 1. International Perspective: Stockholm Conference, Rio de Janeiro Conference, Johannesburg Conference
- 2. Constitutional Perspective
 - (a) Fundamental Rights: Right to Clean Environment, Education and Compensation
 - (b) Directive Principle of State Policy and Fundamental duties
 - (c) Legislative Powers
- 3. Environment Pollution and Legal Order

The Water Act, 1974 and the Air Act 1981

- (a) Regulatory Authorities and their Powers & Functions
- (b) Pollution Control Measures
- (c) Remedies
- 4. Environment Protection and Legal Order
 - (i) Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
 - (a) Regulatory authorities and their powers and functions
 - (b) Environment Protection Measures
 - (c) Remedies
 - (ii) Environment Impact Assessment Notification, 1994 and Public Hearing Notification, 1997
- 5. Principles of Environment Protection: National Perspective
 - (a) Polluter Pays Principles: Absolute Liability of Hazardous Industries
 - (b) Precautionary Principle
 - (c) Public Trust Doctrines
 - (d) Sustainable to Development
- 6. (a) Industrial Disaster with special reference to the rights of victims of such disasters
 - (b) Mega Projects with special reference to displacement and rehabilitation of the affected Persons.

Total Marks 100